

The Welsh Tax Base

Risks and Opportunities after Fiscal Devolution



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The Welsh Tax Base

Determining the Welsh Tax
Base



 Options and implications for Welsh Government policy

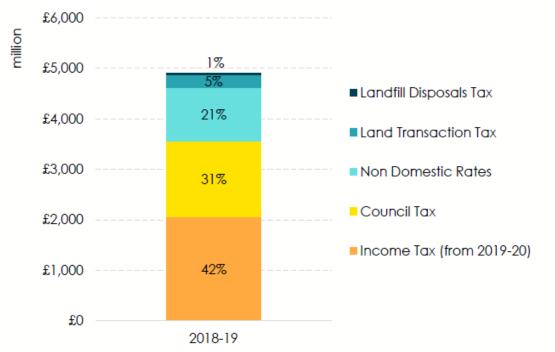






Local and devolved taxes after fiscal devolution

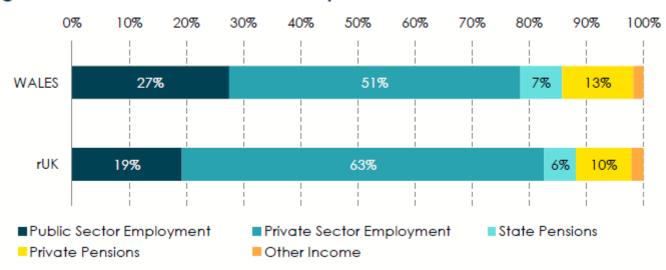
Figure 1.2: Tax revenues under Welsh Government control, 2018-19



Source: OBR (2018) Devovled taxes forecast; Bangor University (2017); Statswales and authors' calculations

Devolved Income Taxes

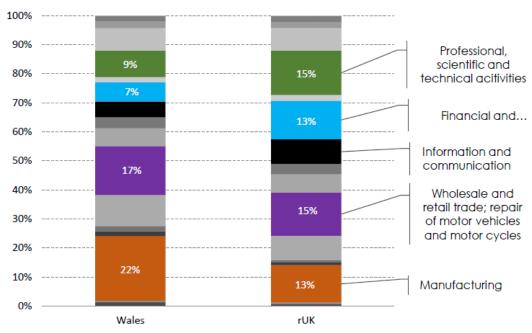
Figure 2.1: NS-ND income tax base by source for Wales and rUK, 2014-15



Source: HMRC (2017) and author's calculations

Devolved Income Taxes

Figure 2.2: Private sector employment income by industry classification (SIC 2007)



Source: HMRC (2017) and authors' calculations



Devolved Income Taxes

Figure 2.5: Devolved income tax revenue by income tax band, 2014-15



Source: HMRC (2017) and author's calcuations

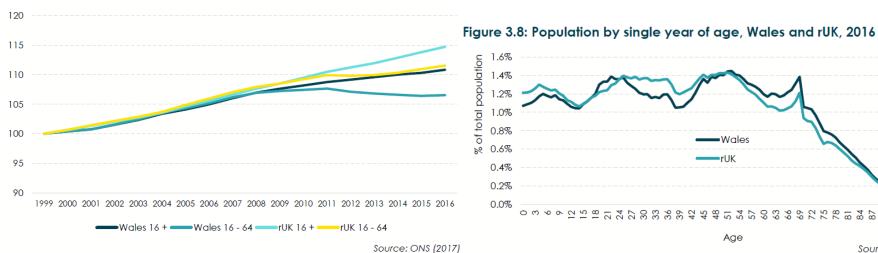


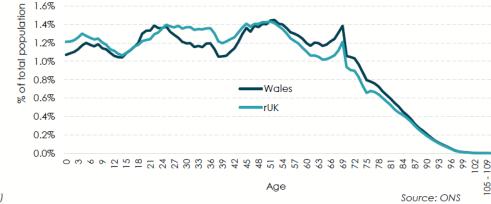
Risks and opportunities

- Income tax base
 - Demographic risks
 - Employment growth
 - Wage growth
- Miro-simulation model of devolved taxes
 - Survey of Personal Incomes, 2014-15
 - Assumptions on taxpayer growth (population, employment rates)
 - Assumptions on growth of incomes (employment, pension)

Demographics

Figure 2.8: Population aged 16+ and 16-64, Wales and rUK (1999=100)





Employment rate

Figure 2.9: Quarterly employment rate (16+) in Wales and UK, 1999-2017



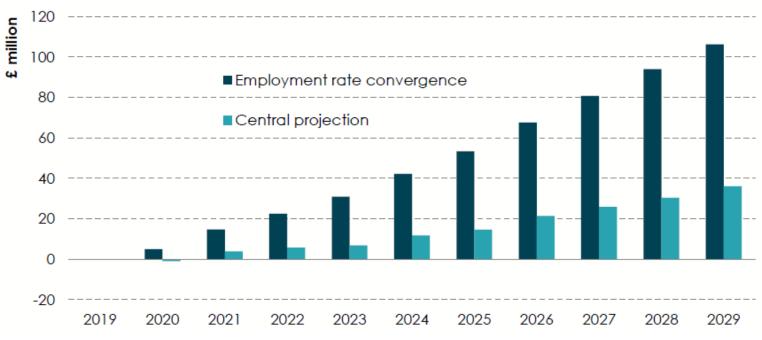
Source: Statswales (2017)

Difference (Wales - UK, right axis)



Employment rate convergence

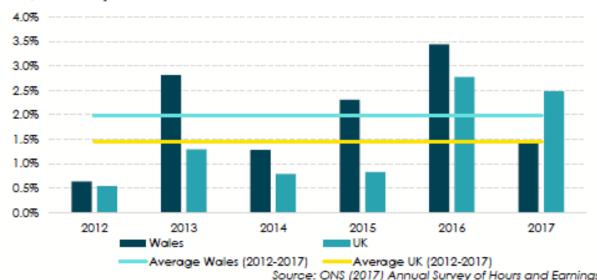
Figure 3.3: Projected effect on the Welsh Government budget under two assumptions on the employment rate in Wales



Source: Authors' calculations

Wage growth

Figure 2.11: Mean annual percentage increase in pay, Wales and UK (2012-2017, nominal)

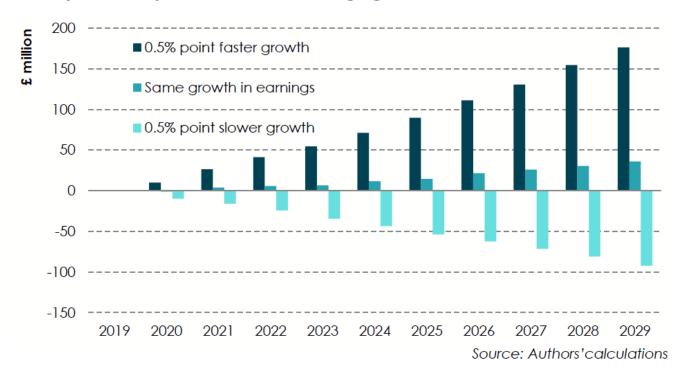


Source: ONS (2017) Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings



Wage growth

Figure 3.5: Projected effect on the Welsh Government budget under three assumptions on private sector earnings growth in Wales



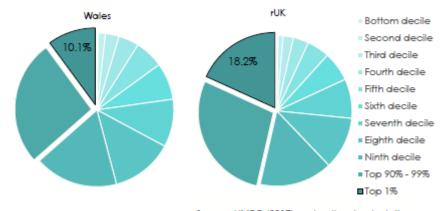


Wage growth

Figure 2.12: Total increase in pay by percentile from 2011 to 2016, Wales and Figure 2.4: Devolved income tax liabilities (with 10p rate in each band) by taxpayer decile (and top one per cent) in Wales and rUK, 2014-15 UK (nominal)



Source: ONS (2017) Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings



Source: HMRC (2017) and authors' calculations



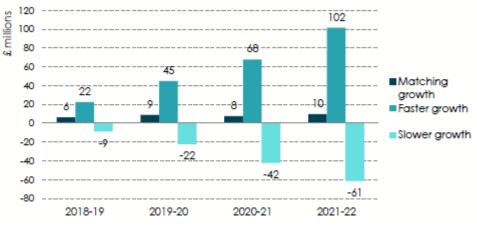
Other risks and opportunities

Commuting and migration flows

Property market trends

Brexit

Figure 3.16: Projected effect on the Welsh budget of a 2.5 percentage point deviation in transaction and price growth

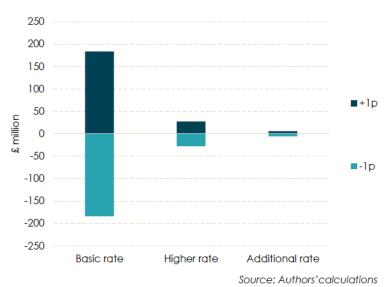


Source: Authors' calculations



Policy implications - income tax rates

Figure 4.1: Revenue effect of changing each rate by 1p in the pound, with no behavioural response



- 1p increase on basic rate would generate around £184 million
- Welsh Government relatively shielded from behavioural response
- Migration response highly uncertain; most likely among high earners



Policy implications - income tax rates

Table 4.2: Modelling a 5p cut in the additional rate in Wales: revenue effects of varying migratory responses from additional rate (AR) taxpayers from rUK

Share of rUK AR taxpayers migrating to Wales	Number of AR taxpayers migrating to Wales	Number of AR taxpayers in Wales	Welsh share of all UK AR taxpayers	Budget effect of migratory response	Budget change after tax cut
0.0%	0	5000	1.4%	£0m	£-27m
0.1%	334	5334	1.5%	£8m	£-18m
0.5%	1669	6669	1.9%	£42m	£16m
1.0%	3337	8337	2.3%	£85m	£58m
1.5%	5006	10006	2.8%	£127m	£100m
2.0%	6674	11674	3.3%	£170m	£143m
2.5%	8343	13343	3.8%	£212m	£185m
3.0%	10011	15011	4.2%	£254m	£228m

Note: rUK Additional Rate taxpayers refers to non-Welsh, non-Scottish taxpayers with NS-ND incomes above the additional rate threshold.



Policy implications

Debate around income tax rates

• An integrated approach to tax policy; e.g. council tax reform alongside income tax rate changes? New taxes?

Cross-departmental challenges for the Welsh Government;
wider policies on higher education, transport, housing etc.
could have knock-on effects on the tax base



